## AMERICAN TELEGRAPH PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON, (EXCEPT SUNDAY,) On 7th st., opposite Odd-Fellows' Hall

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mar 24—d

mar 24—d

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mar 24—d No. 37, Walnut street, Philadelphia.

PARKEVILLE HYDROPATHIC INSTITUTE. PARKEVILLE HYDROPATHIC INSTITUTE.

A Ta meeting of the Board of Managers of the Parker

A ville Hydropathic Institute, beid fifth month 15th,
1850. Joseph A. Weder, M. D., was unanimously elected

Recident Physician in the place of Dr. Dexter, resigned.

Having made various improvements, this institute is
now prepared to receive an additional number of patients;
and from Dr. Weder's well-known skill and practical experions in Europe, (acquired under Vincens Preissuita,
the founder of the Hydropathic system,) and for several
years past in this country, and particularly in the city of
Philadelphia, (where he has had many patients,) the Managers believe the afflicted will find him an able and an
attentive physician.

The domestic denartment being under the charge of a

tive physician.

a domestic department being under the charge of a ard and Matron, will enable the Doctor to devote to Application for admission to be made to SAMUEL WEBB, Sec

Office No. 58 South Fourth street, residence No. 16 L an square, Philadelphia. Ome No. 38 South Fourth street, resident No. 30 gan square, Philadelphia.

General Description of the Parkeville Hydropathic Institute.

The main building is three stories high, standing back from the street about one hundred feet, with a semicircular grass plot in front, and contains thirty to forty rooms. The grounds around the house are tastfully laid out with walks and planted with trees, shrubs, &c. On the left of the entrance to these grounds is a cottage containing four rooms, used by male patients as a bathing house, with every convenience for "packing," bathing, &c.; on the right of the entrance, about two hundred feet distant, stands a similar cottage, used by the ladies for similar purposes.

purposes.

In the rear of the Institute, at the distance of one hundred feet, are three other cottages, some eighty feet apart. One of these is the haundry, with a bydrant at the door; the other two are occupied by the servants.

The hydrant water is introduced into these cottages as well as into the main building, and all the waste water than the servants.

well as into the main building, and all the waste water carried off by drains under ground.

THE WATER WORKS

Consist of a circular stone building, standing on the brow of a hill, surmounted by a large codar reservoir containing five hundred barrels, brought from a never-failing spring of pure cold water in the side of the hill, by "a hydraulic ram." a self-acting machine of cast iron, that is kept constantly going, night and day, by the descent of the water from the spring. The surplus water is earried from the reservoir to a fountain in the water-works yard, surrounded by weeping willows. In the first story of the waterworks is a circular room, containing the douche bath, which is a stream falling from a height of about thirty feet, and can be varied in size from half an inch to an inch and a half in diameter. Adjoining the douche room is a dressing room, with marble tables, &c.; the rising douche for the cure of piles, &c.) is one of the most complete contrivances of the kind, being entirely under the control of the patient using the same.

There are many other appliances, which can be better understood by a personal examination.

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Goods to be found in the Freuch, German, English, and
American markets, and at prices that will defy competitors.

Cash buyers and merchants generally will do well to
call and examine our stock, as our goods are adapted to
every section of the country, and we are resolved to spare
no efforts to make it the interest of every merchant to
favor us with their patronage.

JAMES S. MOULTON,
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ZENAS NEWELL.

New York, March, 1851. mar 24—

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400 bbls superior Coach Body, Carriage Oil Cloth PollshIng, Flowing, Scraping, Cabinet and Venitian Blind Varnishes, Nos. 1, 2, and 3.

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5 do outside do do warranted.
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100 do Spirits Turpentine, in glued bbls or half bbls.

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New York, March, 1851.

Also, Gum Shellac, Sandrac, Litharge, Red Lead, Dry White Lead, in 100 lb. kegs, wholesale and retail, at the lowest market rates.

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are accurate, and sees the work.

The volume forms a large octavo, containing between dive and six hundred pages, printed in the best style, and on goed substantial white paper. It is furnished to agents, handsomely bound in musin, git, or leather, as the purchaser may prefer, at a very liberal discount, when quantities of not less than twenty copies are ordered at one

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Baptismal Pants, manufactured expressly for the clergy,
Ladles' and Gentlemen's Gloves—a perfect cure for chapped hands by wearing them for a short time, at the same
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These Gloves are also much worn by Hatters, Tanners,
Masons, &c., being a perfect protection against acid and
line.

in every variety, and cheaper and better than any thing which can be substituted for either.

Also, a large stock of Overshoes, Garden and Engine Hose, Whips, Horse Covers, Horse Fenders, Hoof Boots, Beds, Life Preservers, Breast Pumps, Syringes, Tobaco Wallets, Finger Stalis, Paper Holders, Door Springs, &c., &c., besides an immense stock of Machine Belting and Steam Packing,

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Our facilities are so extensive and perfect that we can except the safe and mondy transportation of facilities.

gis and the Carolinas.

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the country to the other, and between the most remote

points.

From our many years' experience in the express business, while connected with Messrs. Adams & Co., and our numerous advantages in other respects, (not the least of which is the confidence and patronage of the New York community,) we feel assured that we shall never cease to give the most entire satisfaction to our friends, the jewellers bankers, and merchants generally. ers, bankers, and merchants generally. We beg leave to call attention to our California Expres rom New Orleans, and our Express between New Orlean

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EW YORK JOURNAL OF MEDITION OF MEDITION OF A STATE OF THE METERS OF THE MEDITION OF TH

PALL AND WINTER MILLINERY.

MRS. COLLISON will open Fall and Winter
Millibery on THURSDAY MORNING, 16th inst.
and invites the Ladies to her show-rooms on Nett.
st, near the corner of Louisiana avenue.

Opera, Dress, and Mourning Caps. Mrs. C. has also on hand, and will open on the same day, the prottiest assortment of the above strictes in the city, and at prices correspondingly low-selected personally from the importers and manufacturers. Ladies are invited to call and examine them at her Fancy & Millinery Store, oct 14—tr — 6th st., near cor. of Louisiana av,

IRISH EMIGRANT SOCIETY.

Office, No. 1 Reads Street, New York. In consequence of the great number of complaints which have for a long time been made by Emigrants, of fraud-committed upon them in the sending of money to their friends in Ireland, and to sid and protect the Emigrant the Irish Emigrant Society established a fund, deposited in the Bank of Ireland, upon which they draw drafts payable at sight, at any of the branches of the Bank.

Persons residing out of the city, by enclosing in a letter the sum they wish forwarded, with the plainly written direction to whom and where it is to be paid, will have the same remitted.

hey are fitted.

Orders from employers in the country, stating the serices required, the wages, and the cheapest modes of concyance, and giving a respectable reference, will meet with

veyance, and giving a respectable reserence, which are prompt attention.

The Society will be thankful for all circumstantial and early information of any fraud, imposition, or outrage committed on Emigrants, and will endeavor speedily to apply a remedy.

GREGORY DILLON, President.

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Cut and Wrought Nails, Locks and Latchets
Knives and Forks, Pen and Pocket Knives
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Inventors and Manufacturers of the Ethiopian and Fireproof Paint, Wilmington, Clinton co., Ohio.

W. MYERS, No. 319 Main street, near 8th, Cincinnati, Ohio, to whom all orders must be addressed.
The superiority of this paint over all other, for carriage,
house, and ship painting, will be seen in its rapid sale.
It is not over four months since this paint has been introduced into market, and our agent has been able to order
one hundred tons. The paint is ground in oil, and put
up ready for use, from the finest black down to any shale
to suit the fanny.

Also, invenuors and manufacturers of Tanners' Blacksing. This article is so universally approbated by all who
have used it, that it scarcely needs commendation. But
to give confidence to those who may not have tried it, we
would say that Z. C. Ryon, foreman to A. M. Taylor & Co.,
Columbia street, Cincinnati, has authorized us to use his
name as a recommendation to tanners in general. To all
who know Mr. Z. C. Ryon this would be sufficient; but all
tanners in the city and country, who have used it, have
granted us this privilege. If it were necessary we could

Wilmington, Clinton co., Ohio; or J. H. HAVENS, Cincinns Also, inventors and manufacturers of a Water-prog Blacking for Oil-cloth, that will reduce the cost fifty pe ent., and will soon be in market.

FREEMAN HODGES & CO., FREEMAN HODGES & CO.,

MPORTERS AND JOBBERS, 58 LEBERTY STREET, New
York, (between Broadway and Nassau.) are now reiving a rich and beautiful assortment of Fancy Silk and
illinery Goods, to which we would particularly invite the
tention of all Cash Purchasers, and will make it an obet for them to give us a call, as we are determined to seil
assortment, for Cash, lower than ever before offered in
its market.

Milliners can supply themselves with every article in

can supply themselves with every article in

w prices.

Rich Hat and Cap Ribbons, a large variety ks and Satins for Bonnets ubroidered Capes, Collars, Cuffs, and Chemisetts ubroidered Edgings and Insertings, Swiss and Muslin aread, Brussels Valenciene, Silk, and Lisle Thread

aces Embroidered Reverie and Pain Linen Cambric Hkfs. Gloves and Mits, Kid, Silk, Lisle Thread, and Sewi Mits, Kid, Silk, Lisle Thread, and Sewin ilk Searfs, Cravats, and Dress Hkfs. Swiss, Jaconet, Book Muslim, and Bishop Lawns Embroidered, Damask, and Plain Canton Crape Shawls A full assortment of Straw Goods

A full asset of the following the following the following the following to avoid paying long prices will make me any by calling and satisfying themselves. [msr 24—tf ey by calling and satisfying themselves. [msr 24—tf ey by calling and satisfying themselves.]

SEED AND AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE, TOOLS

SEED AND AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE, TOOLS, &c., &c.—WHOLESLE AND RETAIL—No. 1941/2 Market Street, Philiadelphia.—We offer to our triends and customers the largest assortment of Agricultural Implements, Garden Tools, and Seeds ever offered in this market, consisting in part of the following, vis:
PROUTY & MEARS Patent Highest Premium Self-sharpening PLOUGHS, right and left handed Side Hill Subsoil, of various sizes, of superior materials and workmanship, warranted to give satisfaction, or the money returned. Four Highest Premiums awarded to these PLOUGHS at the New York State Fair for 1850. Also, Beaches and Bar Share Ploughs.

Spain's Improved Barrel Churn, constructed in such a manner that the dasher may be removed from the inside of the Churn by simply unscrewing the handle from the dasher.

of the Churn by simply unscrewing the handle from the dasher.

Hay, Straw, and Corn Stalk Cutters in great variety, among which may be found Harvey's superior Premium Straw Cutter, of every size.

Also, Horse Powers, Threshing Machines, Fan Mills, Corn Shellers, Cheese Presses, Seed Planters, Dirt Scrapers, Sugar Mills, Ox Yokes and Bows, Turnip Drills, Horse Rakes, Grain Cradles, Expanding and Extra Cultivators, Harrows, Santhe, Scythes, Concaved Hoes, Spring tempered Cast Steel Oval and Square tined Manure and Hay Forks, Pruning Shears and Chiels, Beach and Bar Shear Repairing Pecles and Castings, Peruvian, Patagonia and Prepared Guano, together with a complete assortment of Grass, Garden, and Field Seed, all of which will be sold at the lowest possible prices, at 1941/6 Market street, Philamar 24—14

## AMERICAN TELEGRAPH

For the American Telegraph. Time to go Home.

Time to go home! The afternoon, The sweet and golden afternoon

Dancing had they been, and singing-Thus were some, and others bringing Flowers to deck the dancers gay, Fairest flowers of sunny May, That grew amid the silken grass, Where the beautiful waters pass Grew where placid shadows sleep, Round the borders of the deep, And dark, and still old wood. Some—and oh, the chase was good!— A wild, and laughing, shouting chase, Clambering now a rocky piace, Panting to the high bill's brow-Chasing ever, ever, ever, A butterfly, with vain endeavor. Vain, and vain: until at last Their young and joyous strength is past, And down they sink to rest:—to rest The glorious, yet the coveted-Just a little overhead!

These are children: some there be Seeking butterflies of wealth. Or with strides, or steps of stealth, Chasing butterflies of fame-Or butterflies of many a name Seldom caught, and little worth. Perishing upon the earth

Time to go home! The afternoon, The breezy Summer afternoon, How was it that it went so soon?

Children, there may yet be years Oftener bringing clouds and tears; Then, perchance, with upward eyes, Then, perchance, with longing sighs, Shall ve wait-nor wish to roam

Vain the world is: yet there be Rejoicing :- even here is love, wandering smile from GoD above Even on the lonely ground Honor, Virtue, Truth are found, Looking up with dauntless eyes, As calm they move their descine Behold! and learn of these to rise! Cheerfully go on through life, Let the sun shine, let the strife For night, the night of death, shall blot All Sorrow's record: then the morn! A free and happy soul is born!— Beyond the fearful shades of earth— A brighter world—a second wondrous birth!

MAYE COTTAGE, Nov., 1851. The Contrast .-- Rome and Hungary. To the Editors of the American Telegraph.

GENTLEMEN: Garibaldi fought for the liberties of his country and to establish its independence. Like Belisarius, his courage and skill enabled him to drive from the walls of Rome its ruthless and republican invaders, under General Oudinot, who had been ordered by the sham-republic of France to destroy him and the patriotic and gallant forces under his command. "Compared with Louis Napoleon," says a writer in Sartain's Magazine with great truth, "Genocrie and Bourlon are manly and fill a newspaper with testimonials; but where all who use are pleased we deem it uncalled for.

The Tanner's Blacking is put up in kegs containing six gallons, ready for use, and will be sent to any point on the canal, railroad, or river, at fifty cents per gallen.

All orders should be addressed, post paid, to

HAVENS & CARROL,

Wilmington Clinton so, Oblic, or freedom. He proved that-

Ne gl'Italici cuor non e ancor morti."

His countrymen and the friends of liberty aided him in his noble but unsuccessful efforts. The very women showed themselves worthy of the heroic ages of the city. But despotic Austria and the not less less despotic France, by superior numbers, overpowered and crushed then 'Rome," says the writer again to the earth. I have already quoted, "was surrendered, and the French entered the city. Garibaldi, Mazzini, and the other prominent men escaped; but the cardinals have been for some time past filling the prisons with the lovers of the destroyed republic." He mentions the fact that the brute Caligula, once emperor of Rome, ex-pressed an apprehension that his reign would not be memorable, for the want of some remarkable event, such as a plague, a conflagra-tion, or other striking calamity. "If," the writer continues, "Louis Napoleon had a similar fear, he need have it no longer. He is damned to everlasting fame" by an occurrence kindred to those the other despot wished for. The demolition of a Roman republic is certainly calculated to preserve the demolisher' name from oblivion, as that of Erostratus is remembered for the burnt temple of Diana. But a better fate is, doubtless, before that faous old city and peninsula, and Louis Napoleon's is not difficult to foresee. "The whirling of time will bring in its revenges" justly. The poet Delavigne says well of Liberty-

"The grave prepared for her Sconer or later holds the despot's throne; Tyrants succomb or die—she lives eternal on." "Fils de la Liberte, tu detronas ta mere; Arma contre ces droits d'un pouvoir ephe Un tyran tombe, ou meurt; seule elle est i

And what was done for Garibaldi? What abscription was raised, what armed vessel disby the American government to bring to the asylum of the persecuted and oppressed one who had bravely defended the liberties of his country and had sacrificed everything in the cause of freedom? Why should such enthusiasm be felt, such extraordinary sympathy manifested, for one who declares that he merely desired a king and not an emperor to rule over Hungary? What does he say in his address to the people of the United States?-" My requests were of that moderate nature which, he condition of Hungary and Europe, seemed best ted for my country. I asked of the king not fitted for my country. I asked of the king not the complete independence of my beloved country not even new rights or privileges, but that all the people of the Austrian empire that acknowledged and not an emperor) should have restored their

Now, what are the people of this country wasting their enthusiasm and sympathies about? Some propose to contribute \$1,000, and are endeavoring to raise \$100,000, for the exclusive advantage of a man who acknowledges that he has taken up arms against, and urged his countrymen to resist and throw off the yoke of the Emperor of Austria, merely that Hungary should, according to its ancient constitution, be governed by a king, and not an emperor! Kossuth, as a patriot, did his duty; but in doing this, I am inclined to think he never dreamed of such a thing as a republic: and if he had, it would have been a mere dream; for such a government could by no possibility exist, and certainly would not have been permitted to exist, in a region not have been permitted to exist, in a region surrounded as it is by powerful despotisms, deeply interested in crushing the very embryo of republicanism. And Kossuth, the defender and supporter of a monarchy, is to be sent for by the Government of the United States; thousands of dollars are proposed to be raised for his benefit and those who accompany him; and to be feted and received everywhere with the most distinguished honors: while poor Garibaldi, the genuine republican and patriot hero, was almost unnoticed and unbonored!

was almost unnoticed and unhonored! "Can such things be, without our special wonder?" ANTI-HUMBUG.

P. S .- Since the above was written, it would appear that this Hungarian patriot is not at all desirous to come to the United States, and has quarreled with the officers of the steamer Mississippi, generously sent to convey him to this country; and because Captain Long would not stop where he pleased to land, in violation of orders, and where he wished to produce an excitement against Austria, he threatens to make an appeal to the people of the United States, to prove his gratitude, and to show that the govern-ment is tyrannical and oppressive, and that the kind people will do him justice in his efforts to throw Europe into commotion, for his special glory and benefit.

Remarks by the Editors.

We thought we were pretty well informed in relation to the character and designs of Kossuth, and regarded him with high admiration. If, however, the late accounts are authentic, our impressions have been erroneous; but we are still held in doubt by the incompatibility of the conduct attributed to him with the high order of ability and intelligence that has hitherto marked his career.

An objection made by our correspondent is not valid with us. If, firstly, as he says, a republic was impossible in Hungary, then Kossuth acted as a wise friend of freedom in demanding nothing more than was possiblenamely, the reduction of absolutism to a constitutional monarchy-and should be none the less honored by republicans for the prudence by which his ardor was restrained. But, secondly, a greater than Kossuth has won an undying fame by securing a republic when, in the first steps of his movements in the cause of reform, he contemplated nothing more than the exemptions and guarantees to which his country was constitutionally entitled under the British monarchy. Kossuth, also, under the lash of tyranny, advanced much farther as the struggle of Hungary progressed; and the sequel has shown that, had he not been overpowered by the minions of imperial power, the EQUALITY OF MAN would have been proclaimed throughout his native land !

While Russia and Austria are ever ready-as our correspondent appears to well know-to crush the cause of liberty wherever it may appear, and while the fox-like hypocrite who, for present, suffers himself to be called Presiden of France, is but too eager to earn their aid in any special warfare he may have against the people's rights, we would fain ask our correpondent and others to pardon the involuntary indiscretion that betrays us into throwing up our cap and shouting Vive la Liberte! We are as much opposed to mun-worship as any, and think we have seen too much of it in this our happy country; but unless Kossuth has really acted, unlike his former self, as he is described to have done, we would greet him with a warm, a cordial, and a generous welcome to the land whose freedom has so long been the theme of his praise

THE VIRGINIA CONFERENCE of the Methodist Episcopal Church South closed its session in Alexandria on Thursday night, and adjourned o meet at Fredericksburg on the 30th October, 1852. Among the appointments for the ensuing year were, the Rev. Joseph H. Davis, presiding elder of the Fredericksburg district; the Rev. Leonidas Rosser, pastor of the church on Eighth street, in this city, in the place of Rev. W. W. Bennett, who has been appointed chaplain to the University of Virginia; the Rev. Mr. Dibbreil, pastor of the church in Alexandria, and the Rev. Mr. Blackwell to the Fairfax circuit.

The increase of members within the bounds of the conference during the past year was over two thousand members - Republic.

The Union Baptist Association of Maryland. now in session in Baltimore, have elected for their moderator the Rev. J. F. Bacon, the Principal of Columbian College, in the District of Columbia,-16.

ORIENTAL PANORAMA.—This beautiful work of art is still on exhibition at Temperance Hall. There is not only much gratification afforded by the practical view of Mount Ararat, Sardis, Palmyra, Sidon, Athens, Nazareth, Bethlehem, and the other scenes, including the Eternal City, but the well-delivered lecture, in explanation of their history, is in the highest degree interesting .- Ib.

Two old men, upwards of seventy years of age each, amused a crowd of spectators in Providence, the other day, by a grand rough and-tumble fight, and finally ended by rolling one another in the gutter until separated. And all this, not in consequence of liquor, but from that "green-eyed monster," jealousy!

PAUPERS SENT BACK .- Officer Cooledge, from Clinton, informs us that two Irish paupers, named Dunbar and Mitchell, with a number of aliases, stout, able fellows, who have been in the poor-house for some time passed, were on the same person as emperor whom we Hunga- Monday last brought before Justice Dane, who rians recognised as king, and the same law of sentenced them to be sent to Ireland, and Mr. succession (that is, to have a king of Hungary, Cooledge placed them on board "ship Daniel this morning, for Liverpool. - Boston Traveller.

## PRICE 2 CENTS.

Story of a First Kiss. We extract the following little story from Miss Bremer's "Northern Loves and Legends:"

Certainly you have observed how strangely sometimes the clouds, at morning and evening, group themselves round the sun, and are lighted up by it, and you have thought sometimes: "If this should be represented in painting, people would say, 'It is unnatural—it is not true.'" So, even, in human life. We often find events looking, when related, or described, even un-natural, and yet are perfectly true to reality, to nature, though not every-day nature. For example, if any one should tell, that once a first kiss was given by a young modest lady, publicly and in a public square, to a young man that she saw for the first time, certainly all young ladies,

and without means for pursuing them. He was poor and without connexions. Still he studied on, living in great poverty, but keeping up a cheerful heart, and trying not to look into the future which looked so grimly at him. His good humor and good qualities made him be-loved by his young comrades. One day he was standing with some of them in the great square of Upsula prating away an hour at leisure, when the attention of the young men became arrested by a very young and elegant lady, who, at the side of an elderly one, walked slowly over the place. It was the daughter of the governor of Upland, residing in the city, and the lady with her was her governess. She was generally known for her beauty and gentleness of character, and was looked upon with great admiration by the students. As the young men stood now silently gazing at her, as she passed on like a graceful vision, one of them

exclaimed:
"Well, it would be worth something to have kiss from such a pretty mouth !" The poor student, the hero of our story, who

was looking intently at that pure, angelic face, exclaimed as if by inspiration—
"Well, I think I could have it."

"What!" cried his friends in a chorus, "are you crazy? Do you know her?" &c. "Not at all," he answered, "but I think she "What, in this place, before our eyes?"

"In this place, before your eyes?"

"Freely?"

" Freely." "Well, if she will give you a kiss in that

manner, I will give a thousand dollars."
"And I!" cried three or four others, for it so happened that several rich young men were in the group, and bets ran high on so improbable an event, and the challenge was made and received in less time than we take to relate it.

Our hero-my authority tells not whether he was handsome or plain: I have my peculiar reasons for believing that he was rather plain, but singularly good looking at the same time—our hero walked off to meet the lady. He bowed to her, and said:

"My lady, my fortune is in your hands." She looked at him with astonishment, but ar rested her steps. He proceeded to state his name and condition, his aspirations, and related simply and truly what had passed between him and his companions. The young lady listened attentively; and when he ceased to speak, she said, blushing, but with great sweetness:

"If by so little a thing so much good could be effected, it would be foolish in me to refuse your request;" and she kissed the young man publicly in the open square. Next day the young man was sent for by the

governor. He wanted to see the young man who had dared to ask a kiss from his daughter in that way, and He received him with a severe and scrutini zing brow, but, after an hour's conversation,

was so pleased, that he offered to dine him at his table during the course of his studies at Our young friend now pursued his studies in a manner which soon made him regarded as the most promising scholar at the University. Three years were not passed, after the day of the first kiss, when the young man was allowed

to give a second one to the lovely daughter of governor as his betrothed bride. He became, later, one of the greatest scholars in Sweden, and much respected for his character. His works will endure forever among the works of science, and from this happy union sprung family well known in Sweden at the present day, whose wealth of fortune and high position in society are regarded as small things, compared with its wealth of love.

THE FIRST BABY .- In a novel, "The Glenns," recently published, occurs the following striking picture of domestic felicity, which crusty old achelors will read with much interest;

"If 'the baby' was askep, no one was allowed to speak, except in a whisper, on pain of instant banishment; the piano was closed, the guitar was tabooed, boots were interdicted, and the bell was muffled. If Mr. Vincent wished to enjoy a quiet cigar, he must go eat of the house, lest the smoke might hurt 'the baby;' and lest the street-door might disturb its slumbers, he must make his exit by the back way, and reach the street by the garden gate. The doctor was never out of the house—not because 'the baby' was ill, for it was most alarmingly healthy, but because she was 'afraid it might be taken with some dreadful disease, and no doctor near.' If coal was placed in the grate, either Mr. Vincent must put it in lump by lump with his fingers, or Thomas must come in on tip-toe, leaving his boots below, lest the noise should disturb 'the baby.' And yet he must not take a bed in another part of the house, because 'the baby' might be attacked by the croup, or might cry to have some one walk up and down the floor with it in his arms, and then he would not be within call. In short, when 'the baby' slept, the whole house was under a spell, whose enchantment consisted in profound silence and unbroken stillness, and all who came within the magic circle were at once under its influence.

WORTHY OF IMITATION .- The Hydraulion Engine Company No. 1, Providence, R. I., has "Resolved, That we do not countenance the

use of liquors at any time. "Resolved, Also to establish a Library, to be used by the members."

The Italians say that he who offends never forgives. Tacitus gives the reason for it. It is, he says, because the causes of hatred are the more violent, the more unjust they are.